WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A balloon catheter, comprising
- a) an elongated shaft having a proximal end, a distal end, and at least one lumen therein; and
- b) a radially noncompliant balloon formed at least in part of a polycarbonate polyurethane block copolymer having a compliance of less than about 0.025 mm/atm in the working pressure range of the balloon, the polycarbonate polyurethane block copolymer comprising the product of the reaction of poly(1,6-hexyl 1,2-ethylcarbonate) diol and 4,4'-methylene bisphyenyl diisocyanate (MDI) and a chain extender.
- 2. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the balloon compliance is about 0.012 to about 0.016 mm/atm in an inflation pressure range of about 7 to about 22 atm.
- 3. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the polycarbonate polyurethane block copolymer has a tensile elongation at break of at least 250%.
- 4. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the polycarbonate polyurethane block copolymer has a tensile elongation at break of about 255% to about 320%.
- 5. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the balloon is axially noncompliant.

- 6. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the chain extender comprises 1.4-butanediol.
- 7. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the polyurethane block copolymer has a flexural modulus of at least about 300,000 psi.
- 8. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the balloon comprises an expanded extruded polymeric tube comprising the polyurethane block copolymer.
- 9. The balloon catheter of claim 1 wherein the balloon rupture pressure is greater than about 18 atm.
- 10. A method of making a radially and axially noncompliant balloon for a catheter, comprising
- a) extruding a tubular product formed at least in part of a block copolymer, having a first outer diameter and a first inner diameter;
 - b) annealing the tubular product at not less than about 50°C.
- c) heating the tubular product at a first elevated temperature, and radially expanding the tubular product to a second outer diameter;
- d) heating the expanded tubular product at a second elevated temperature not less than the first elevated temperature; and
- e) cooling the expanded tubular product to form the noncompliant balloon.

- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the extruded tubular product is annealed for about 16 to about 24 hours.
- 12. The method of claim 10 wherein the extruded tubular product is annealed at about 55°C.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the extruded tubular product is annealed for about 16 hours.